

#### **WE ARE HERE!**

#### **PUBLIC MEETING 1:**

Discuss the vision for river to help develop and refine project objectives.

#### **PUBLIC MEETING 2:**

Discuss project objectives and alternative packages

#### **PUBLIC MEETING 3:**

Evaluate how well the different alternative packages meet the project objectives

#### **AGENDA**

- Introduction Presentation (40 minutes)
- Break out groups:
  - Introductions (5 min)
  - Discussion of alternative packages + summary table (30 min)
- Report out (10 min)
- Wrap up/next steps (5 min)

#### RESPECT

- Please respect the viewpoints of others.
- During small group discussion let one person speak at a time and try not to interrupt.
- We are not here to advocate for any one alternative or solution We are here to explore how a range of alternatives can meet the goals for the future of the Upper Nemasket River

#### INTRODUCTION TO PROJECT TEAM



Bill Napolitano Environmental Program Director





Neal Price Associate Principal, Senior Hydrogeologist



Helen Zincavage Environmental Program





Emily Vogler Commonplace Landscape and Planning RISD



Danica Warns Climate Resilience Coordinator





Marea Gabriel Conservation Projects Manager





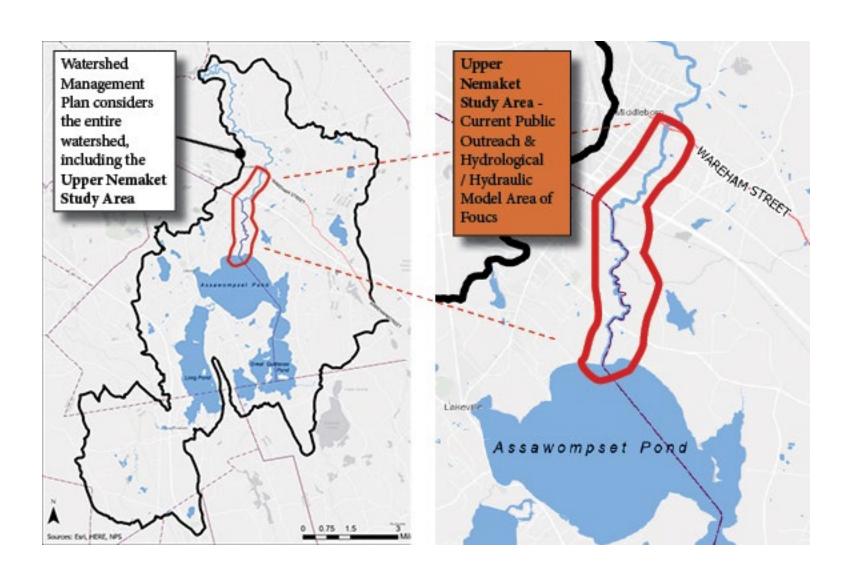
Eric Walberg, AICP Climate Services



#### **STEERING COMMITTEE**

- Nancy Yeatts Town of Lakeville, Environmental Manager of the APC
- **Tom Barron** Herring Commission
- Trish Cassady Town of Middleborough, Cons. Agent
- Lia Fabian -Town of Lakeville, Selectman
- Mike Arruda City of Taunton, Water Supervisor
- Ymane Galotti NB water supply director
- Patti Kellogg -MASS DEP
- Chris Peck Middleborough, Director of Public Works
- Martha Schroeder Lakeville Open Space Recreation Committee
- Monica Bently- TRWA, Wild and Scenic Taunton River Stewardship Council (NPS), Chair of the W & S Council's River Access Committee
- James (Jim) Turek- NOAA, Restoration Ecologist
- Brad Chase MA DMF, Diadromous Fisheries Project Leader
- Nathan Demers- Town of Middleborough, Selectmen
- Roger Desrosiers (Gray Fox) Dighton Intertribal Indian Council
- Donna Desrosiers (Spirit Fox) Dighton Intertribal Indian Council

## APC WATERSHED MANAGEMENT PLAN vs. UPPER NEMASKET RIVER ENHANCEMENT PLAN



### TIME FRAME OF CHANGES: PARALLEL IMMEDIATE + LONG TERM PROCESSES

IMMEDIATE ACTIONABLE ITEMS Remove Weeds from Long Pond and Nemasket River-Summer 2022 + 2023. Funding in place to support.

Address Sedimentation with a 5 year emergency permit-Working on permit for August ConCom Meeting

LONG-TERM PLANNING

**Upper Nemasket River Enhancement Plan + Apc Watershed Management Plan** 

#### **BALANCING MULTIPLE PROJECT OBJECTIVES**

#### Developed at Previous Public Meetings

#### **ECOLOGICAL OBJECTIVES**

- Improve fish passage
- Improve water quality
- Improve riparian and aquatic habitat
- Improve low flow aquatic connectivity

#### INFRASTRUCTURAL OBJECTIVES

- Minimize flood damage to infrastructure and property upstream of APC Dam
- Minimize flood damage to infrastructure and property downstream of APC Dam
- Improve ability to manage water levels in pond to help ensure water supplies
- Reduce ongoing maintenance by working with river morphology

#### **SOCIAL OBJECTIVES**

- Maximize quality and quantity of recreation on the river
- Minimize cost

### UPPER NEMASKET RIVER ENHANCEMENT PLAN GUIDING PRINCIPLES

- Take a holistic approach to the river
- Work with river morphology to reduce need for ongoing maintenance
- Where possible, work towards multi-functional solutions
- Anticipate a future climate with more severe flooding and more severe droughts
- Expand the way we think of the river understand the whole watershed as a gradient of moisture where water can be held and stored in wetlands and infiltrated to help reduce flooding and to recharge river during low flow conditions

# ALTERNATIVE PACKAGES

#### PACKAGES MADE UP OF 3 DIFFERENT ELEMENTS









#### **LIST OF ALTERNATIVES:**

#### ASSAWOMPSET POND DAM

- 1. Do nothing
- 2. Replace/Modify dam
- 4. Restore hydrological connection to wetlands through berm
- 5. Sediment trap

#### **RIVER CHANNEL**

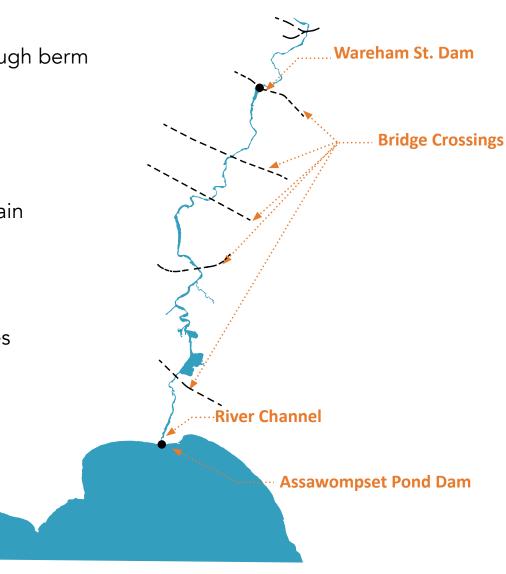
- 1. Do nothing
- 2. Dredge channel
- 3. Reconnect river to adjacent wetlands and floodplain
- 4. Redesign river channel Narrower and deeper

#### **BRIDGE CROSSINGS**

- 1. Do nothing
- 2. Evaluate replacement/removal of bridge structures

#### **WAREHAM STREET DAM**

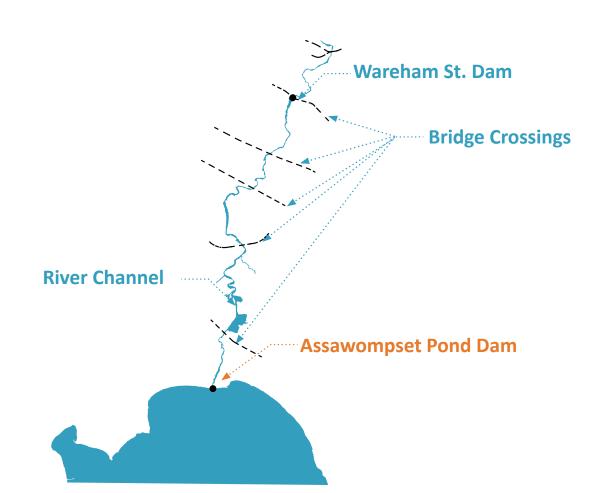
- 1. Do nothing
- 2. Remove dam



# HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC MODELING

#### **Modelling Approach**

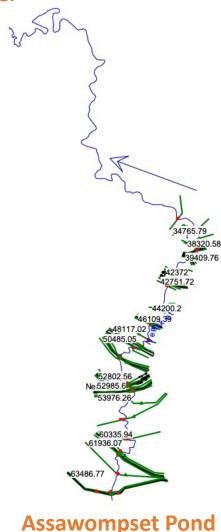
- 1. Run Bridge Modification, Wareham St. Dam removal, and channel modification scenarios individually
- 2. Combine most effective river restoration scenarios as "hybrid" models
- 3. Separately evaluate Assawompset Pond Dam replacement scenarios.
  - River restoration scenarios inform the "tailwater" conditions at the dam



#### **Upper River Corridor HEC-RAS Model**

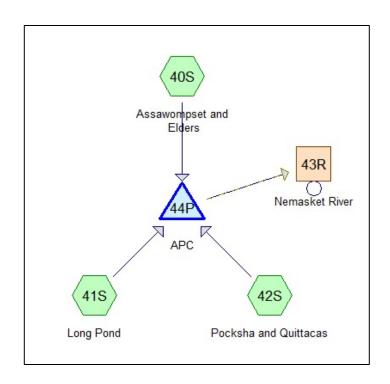
- Focus on Upper Nemasket from AWP down to Route 105 Middleboro
- Used to evaluate potential alterations to river corridor (e.g., dams, bridges, channel modification, dredging, floodplain changes)
- Added 14 new transects, with focus on:
  - Assawompset Pond Dam
  - Wareham Street Dam
  - MBTA Bridge
  - Old Bridge Street/Bridge Street Bridges
  - Vaughan Street Bridge
- Updated FEMA topography and geometry of dams and road crossings

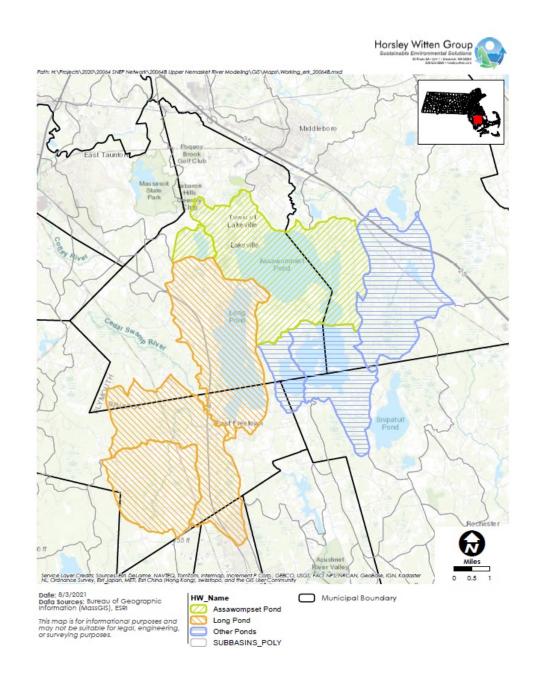
**Taunton River** 



#### **Developing HydroCAD Model for the APC**

- Created separate HydroCAD model to evaluate Assawompset Pond Dam
- Watershed area, land use, and rain depths are main inputs
- Tailwater beneath APC dam defined by HEC-RAS model simulations.





# 1. RIVER CHANNEL PACKAGES

#### THERE ARE SERIOUS ISSUES ON THE RIVER

**FLOODING** 

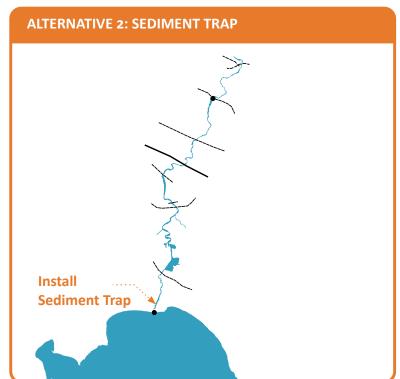
**LOW FLOW** 

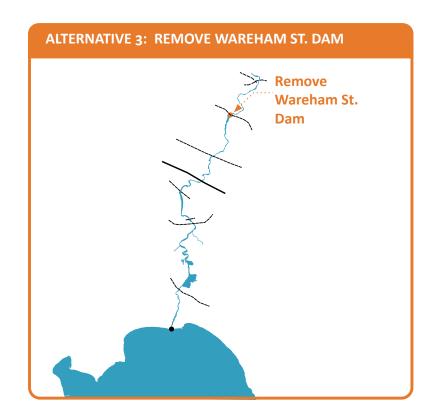
**FISH PASSAGE** 

#### **WATER QUALITY**

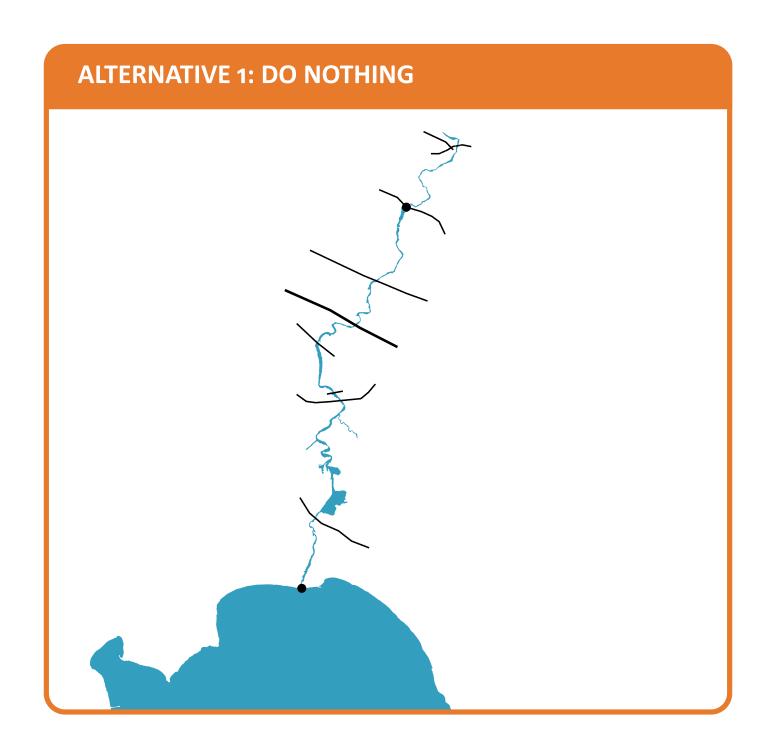
 MASS DEP recently added the upper Nemasket River to the Impaired Water list for not supporting the Aquatic Life Use due to low dissolved oxygen, high temperatures, and aquatic toxicity







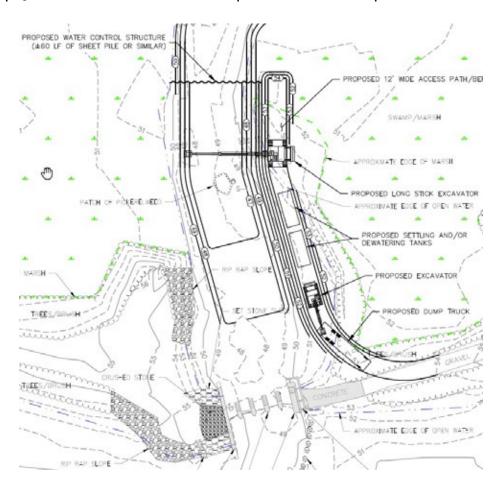


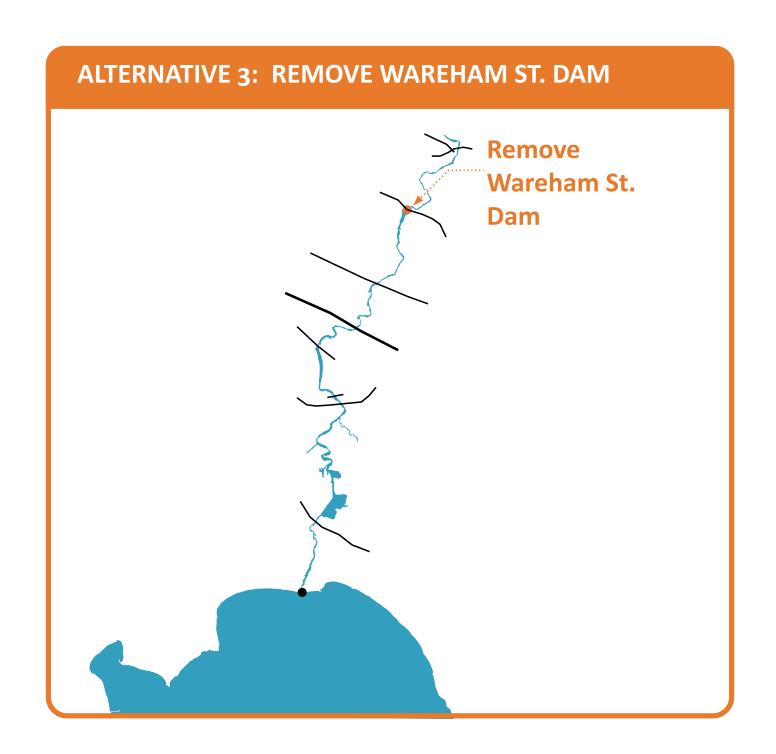


# **ALTERNATIVE 2: SEDIMENT TRAP** Install **Sediment Trap**

#### Sediment Trap and Dredge - Outback Engineering Plan

- Expected to capture suspended sand that is carried in the river during modeled flow events
- Simulated to produce flow velocities suitable for settling of silt and fine sand.
- More effective at lower flow rates.
- Sediment input supply uncertain so time required to fill trap uncertain





#### **Removal Of Wareham St Dam and Weir**





#### Hopewell Mills Dam Removal- Mill River, Taunton





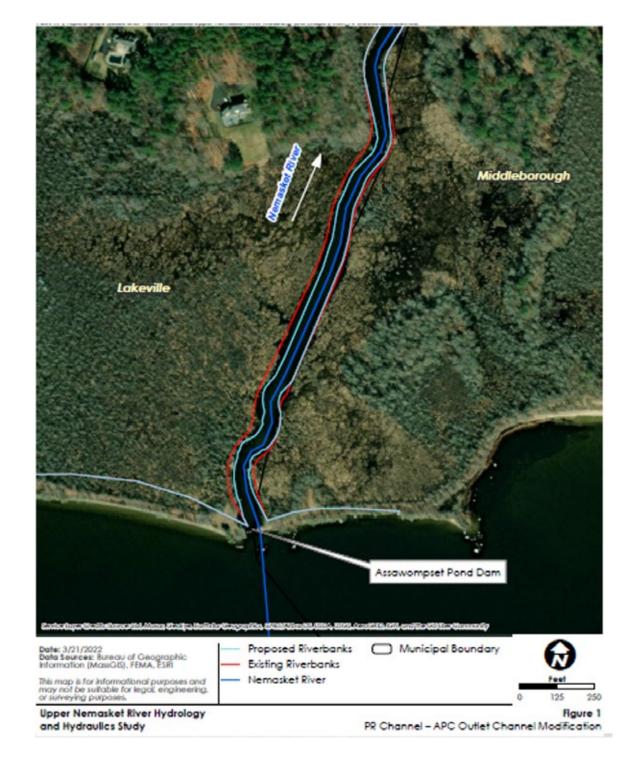




### **ALTERNATIVE 4: FULL RIVER RESTORATION** Remove Wareham St. **Dam Modify E. Grove Street Bridge** Modify MBTA Bridge Remove Old Bridge **Restore River Channel**

#### **Channel Restoration**

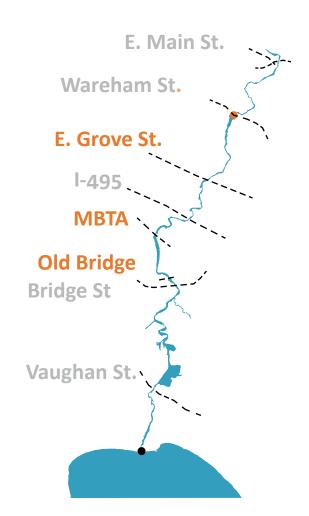
- Channel narrowed from current approximately 100' width down to 54' bankfull width
- Velocity in channel increase, reducing sediment buildup
- Reconnection of channel downstream of APC dam to adjacent floodplain



#### **BRIDGE CROSSINGS**

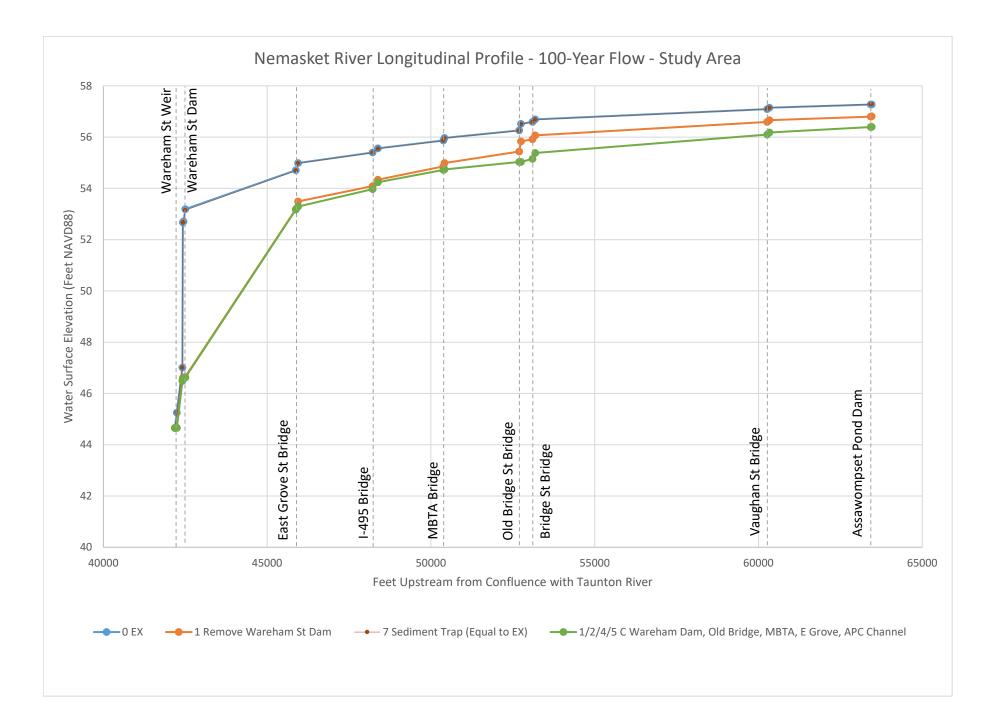
- Bridge crossings are places along the river where the flow is pinched which can lead to flooding and sedimentation
- The goal with bridge modification is to widen the opening (span) below the bridge to allow for the river to flow through with less restrictions

	Current Span (ft)	Proposed Span (ft)	
E. Grove St.	22′	80′	
MBTA	40′	80′	
Old Bridge	35′	Remove	



# EVALUATING THE ALTERNATIVES

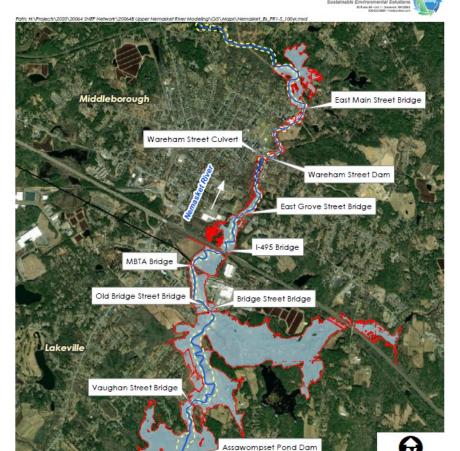
#### **FLOODING - Alternatives**



#### **FLOODING**

Restoration Scenario	Flooded Area (100-year)	Buildings Impacted
Existing Conditions	723 acres	27
Wareham Street Dam Removed	680 acres	23
"Optimal" (Wareham Dam Removed, 3 Bridges Modified, Channel Restored)	653 acres	19

- With Wareham Dam Removed Only...
  - 6% reduction in flooded area
  - 4 buildings no longer in flooded area
- Under Full River Restoration Scenario...
  - 10% reduction in flooded area
  - 8 buildings no longer in flooded area



Date: 2/9/2022 Data Sources: Bureau of Geographic Information (MassGIS), FEMA, ESRI

This map is for informational purposes and may not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes.

Nemasket River FEMA Zone AE: Regulatory Floodway
PR1/2/4/5 100-year inundation Municipal Boundary

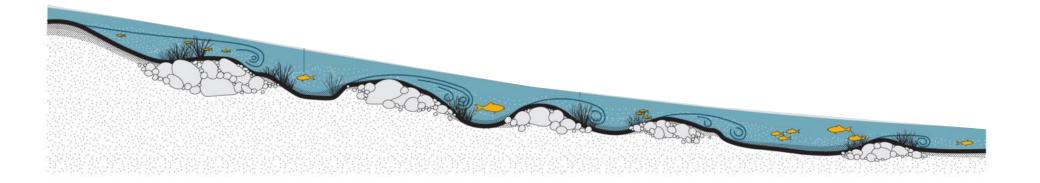
Horsley Witten Group

Upper Nemasket River Hydrology and Hydraulics Study Figure 4

100-year Flood Inundation Area for Existing vs. Proposed Conditions 1/2/4/5 Wareham Street Dam Removal and Culvert Replacement, East Grove Street, MBTA Bridge Modifications, and Old Bridge Street Bridge Removal

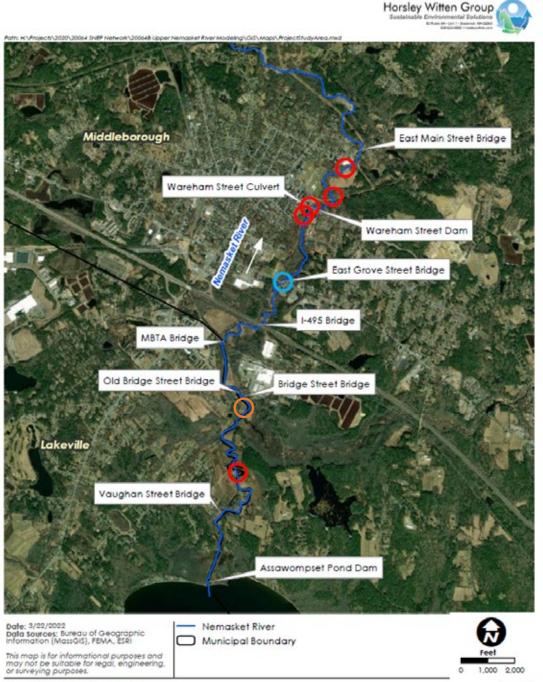
#### **FISH PASSAGE**

- Fish passage is evaluated in terms of two criteria:
  - 1. Are water depths deep enough for fish passage during low flow conditions?
  - 2. Are water velocities low enough for fish swimming upstream during **high flow** conditions.
- Fish species of concern evaluated are blueback and alewife herring.
- Minimum water depth for those species is **0.5 feet** (USFW).
- Maximum burst speed for those species is 3.5 fps (NRCS).



#### **FISH PASSAGE**

- Existing barriers to passage
  - Water depths are too shallow for herring during **low flow** at 7 locations circled in **red**
  - Water velocity is not too fast for herring during **high flow** at any location
- Removal of Wareham Street Dam
  - East Grove Street (blue) shallow location is removed.
  - Greatly improved passage at Wareham Street
- Full River Restoration Scenario also removes shallow point up-stream of Bridge Street (Orange)

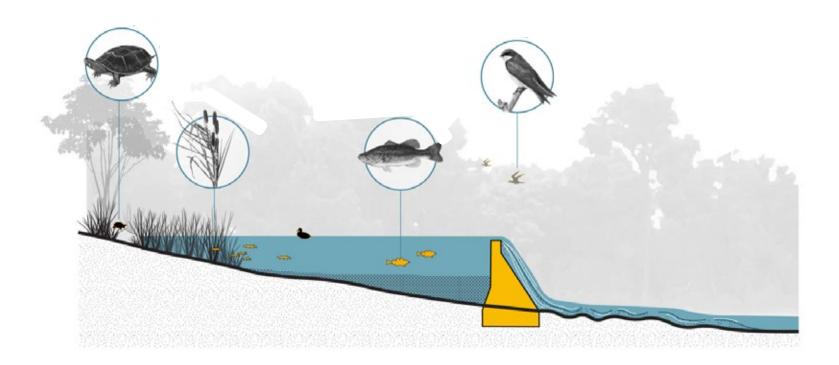


Upper Nemasket River Hydrology and Hydraulics Study Figure 1 Project Study Area

#### **Additional Ecological Impacts**

#### **EXISTING CONDITIONS - DAMS + OBSTRUCTIONS**

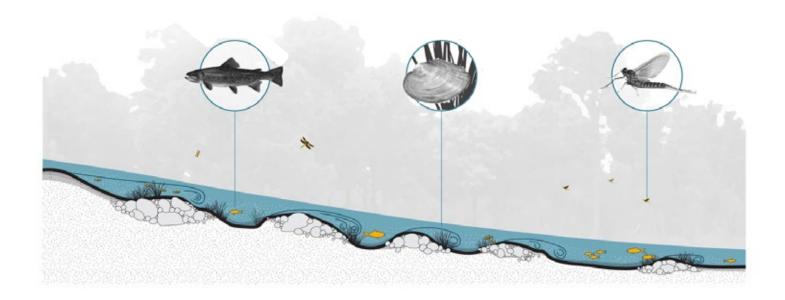
- Increases siltation and turbidity
- Increases water temperatures which hold less dissolved oxygen
- Suitable for some common species, such as mallards, sunfish, and painted and snapping turtles, and some invasive plants tolerant of more degraded conditions.
- Alters substrates, native vegetation, and eliminates riffles, runs, and pools important for some habitat specialists



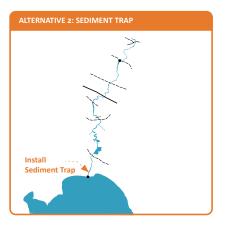
#### **Additional Ecological Impacts**

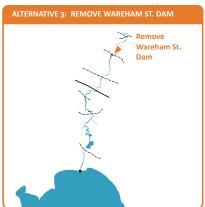
#### **RIVER RESTORATION SCENARIOS**

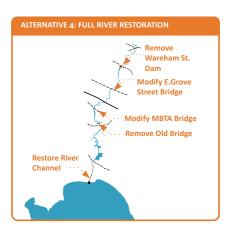
- Allows for unobstructed fish and wildlife passage
- Helps maintain adequate water quantity
- Maintains cooler water temperatures which increases dissolved oxygen levels
- Transports sediments downstream.
- Provides habitat for specialists, such as spawning blueback herring, bridle shiner, and invertebrates associated with good water quality, including freshwater mussels, caddisflies, mayflies, and stoneflies.



### **SUMMARY:**







### **Sediment Trap**

- Little impact on flood control/water levels
- Likely difficult to permit
- Impacts on fish passage unclear
- Does not work with river morphology- will require ongoing maintenance

### Wareham St. Dam removal

- Reduces flood area
- Increases energy gradient which will lead to less sediment
- Improves fish passage
- Improves water quality and habitat
- Works with river morphology

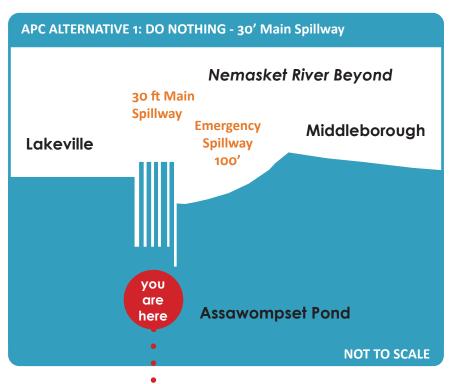
### **Full River Restoration Package**

- Greatest impact on flood reduction
- Greatest increase in energy gradient + reduction in sediment
- Greatest improvement of fish passage
- Greatest improvement of water quality and habitat
- Greatest alignment with river morphology reducing ongoing maintenance

## 2. APC DAM ALTERNATIVES

### A note on reading the diagrams that follow

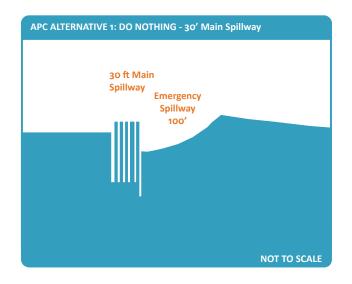
There are diagrams in the slides that follow that look like the blue diagram below. When you look at the diagrams, you are standing in the APC looking downstream toward the Nemasket River, as in the picture below from 2020 (during drought conditions), showing the same vantage point.

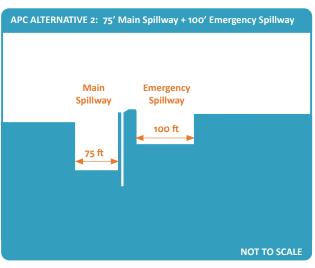


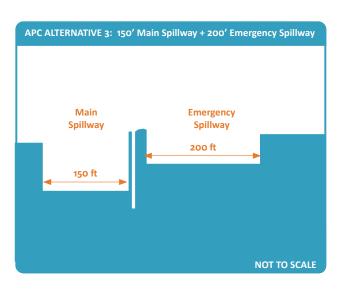


### **Assawompset Pond Dam Replacement Alternatives**

- Minimize flood damage to infrastructure and property upstream of APC
- Improve ability to manage water levels in pond to help ensure water supplies during drought conditions and minimize safety risk to workers
- The ultimate design of the dam will allow for water levels to be raised and lowered in the ponds (similar to how the boards are used now). Therefore, the operation of the dam will determine how much water is kept in the pond vs released downstream.







### **APC Dam Alternatives - No Alterations in Nemasket**

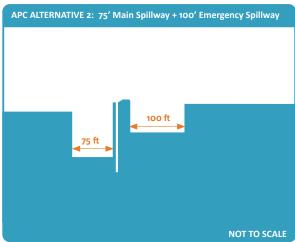
- Pond levels can be curbed up to 0.64 feet by widest dam
- Wider dams can decrease flooded times in the APC from 13 days down to as low as 2.5 days
- Widest dams hold water above lowest target level for 3-4 weeks
  - Assumes no rain

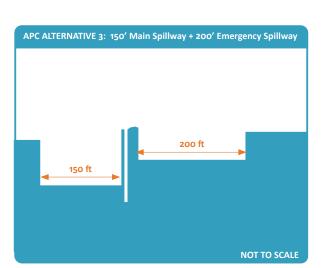
	Peak APC Elevation (NAVD88, ft)		Time to drop from 100-year El to 52.82'	Time to drop from 52.82' to 51.32' (Days) **	
	2- Year 100- Year (Days)		(Days)		
Do Nothing: 30' Main 100'Emergency	54.76	<b>57.27</b> *	12.9	85.3	
APC Alternative 2: 75' Main 100'Emergency	54.73	56.93	4.9	30.5	
APC Alternative 3: 150' Main 200'Emergency	54.67	56.63	2.4	22.2	

<sup>\*</sup>Blue asterisk indicates water level above FEMA 100-year flood elevation

<sup>\*\*</sup> In the 52.82 to 51.32 drop time analysis, the main spillway was set at elevation 51.32











### **APC Dam Alternatives + Full River Restoration**

- Little difference in terms of time to drop from peak flood levels or down to minimum target levels
- Significant difference in peak flood elevations in pond
  - 0.9-foot flood reduction even if APC Dam remains unchanged
  - .75 -foot maximum reduction (Alternative 3)

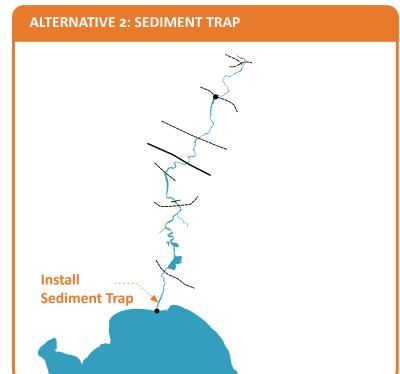
	Peak APC Elevation (NAVD88, ft)		Time to drop from 100-year El to 52.82' (Days)	Time to drop from 52.82' to 51.32' (Days) **	
	2- Year	100- Year	(Days)	(Days)	
Do Nothing: 30' Main 100'Emergency	<b>54.47</b> 54.76	<b>56.39</b> 57.27*	<b>11.9</b> 12.9	<b>85.3</b> ← 85.3 ←	- With River Restoration - W/out River Restoration
APC Alternative 2: 75' Main 100'Emergency	<b>54.43</b> 54.73	<b>56.19</b> 56.93	<b>4.5</b> 4.9	<b>29.8</b> 30.5	
APC Alternative 3: 150' Main 200'Emergency	<b>54.38</b> 54.67	<b>55.89</b> 56.63	<b>2.2</b> 2.4	<b>21.7</b> 22.2	

<sup>\*</sup>Asterisk indicates water level above FEMA 100-year flood elevation

<sup>\*\*</sup> In the 52.82 to 51.32 drop time analysis, the main spillway was set at elevation 51.32

# BREAK OUT GROUPS ALTERNATIVES + SUMMARY IMPACT TABLES

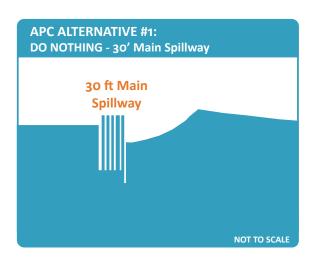


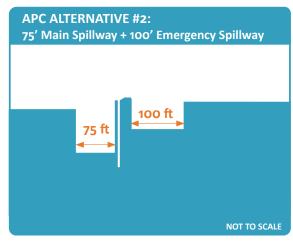


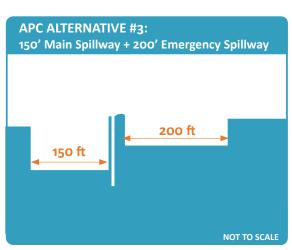


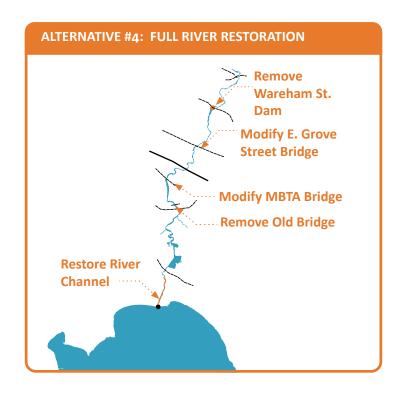


RIVER ALTERNATIVES SUMMARY TABLE			No Action Alternative	Sediment Trap	Remove Wareham St Dam	Full River Restoration Remove Wareham St Dam Naturalized channel Widen 3 bridges
ECOLOGICAL OBJECTIVES	Fish Passage up and downstream		NO CHANGE	MINOR IMPROVEMENT	IMPROVED	GREATLY IMPROVED
	Improve Water quality + Habitat		Disolved Oxygen     Water Temperature     Sediment Transport	<ul> <li>— Disolved Oxygen</li> <li>— Water Temperature</li> <li>↓ Sediment Transport</li> </ul>	Disolved Oxygen  Water Temperature  Sediment Transport	↑ Disolved Oxygen  ↓ Water Temperature  ↓ Sediment Transport
	Improve low-flow aquatic connectivity	Points along river where challenging for Herring to pass	<b>7</b> potential low points	<b>7</b> potential low points	5 potential low points	4 potential low points
TURAL ONAL ES	Minimize flood damage to infrastructure and property downstream of APC.	Flooded Area (100 Year storm)	<b>723</b> Acres	723 Acres	680 Acres	653 Acres
RUC  RATI CTIV		Impacted buildings	<b>27</b> Buildings	<b>27</b> Buildings	23 Buildings	<b>19</b> Buildings
INFRASTRUCTURAL AND OPERATIONAL OBJECTIVES	Reduce ongoing maintenance by working with river morphology		Works against river morphology	Works against river morphology. Requires ongoing maintenance	Works with river morphology	Works with river morphology
	Permitting		N/A	VERY CHALLENGING	CHALLENGING	CHALLENGING
RECREATIONAL OBJECTIVES	Maximize quality and quantity of recreation on the river	Boating Opportunities Expanding fishery habitat diversity	FLAT WATER RIVER RECREATION  Maintains Existing "flat water" recreation on river + ease of round trips	FLAT WATER RIVER RECREATION Maintains Existing "flat water" recreation on river + ease of round trips	FREE FLOWING RIVER RECREATION  No portage at Wareham st and fewer low flow areas	FREE FLOWING RIVER RECREATION  No portage at Wareham st and fewer low flow areas
ECONOMIC OBJECTIVES		Cost  Availability of Funding	N/A	\$ UNLIKELY	\$\$ LIKELY	\$\$\$ LIKELY
йÖ	GREEN = Preferred YELLOW = Acceptable RED = Oppose You must use at least one green and one yellow sticker		-			









APC DAM ALTERNATIVES SUMMARY TABLE			NO ACTION ALTERNATIVE	NO CHANGES TO RIVER REPLACE APC DAM 75' Main Spillway 100' Emergency Spillway	FULL RIVER RESTORATION + REPLACE APC DAM 75' Main Spillway 100' Emergency Spillway	NO CHANGES TO RIVER REPLACE APC DAM 150' Main Spillway 200' Emergency Spillway	FULL RIVER RESTORATION + REPLACE APC DAM 150' Main Spillway 200' Emergency Spillway
ECOLOGICAL OBJECTIVES	Fish Passage up and downstream			SLIGHTLY IMPROVED	GREATLY IMPROVED	SLIGHTLY IMPROVED	GREATLY IMPROVED
INFRASTRUCTURAL AND OPERATIONAL OBJECTIVES	Minimize flood damage to infrastructure and property upstream of APC	Peak APC elevation (100 Year flood)	57.27	56.93	56.19	56.63	55.89
		Time for water levels to drop from 100-year elevation to 52.82'	13 Days	5 Days	5 Days	2 Days	2 Days
		Time for water levels to drop from 52.82' to 51.32	85 Days	31 Days	30 Days	22 Days	22 Days
	Improve ability to manage water levels in pond to help ensure water supplies during drought conditions and minimize safety risk to workers		NO	YES	YES	YES	YES
	GREEN = Preferred YELLOW = Acceptable RED = Oppose You must use at least one green and one yellow sticker						

### WHERE WE ARE HEADED NEXT ....

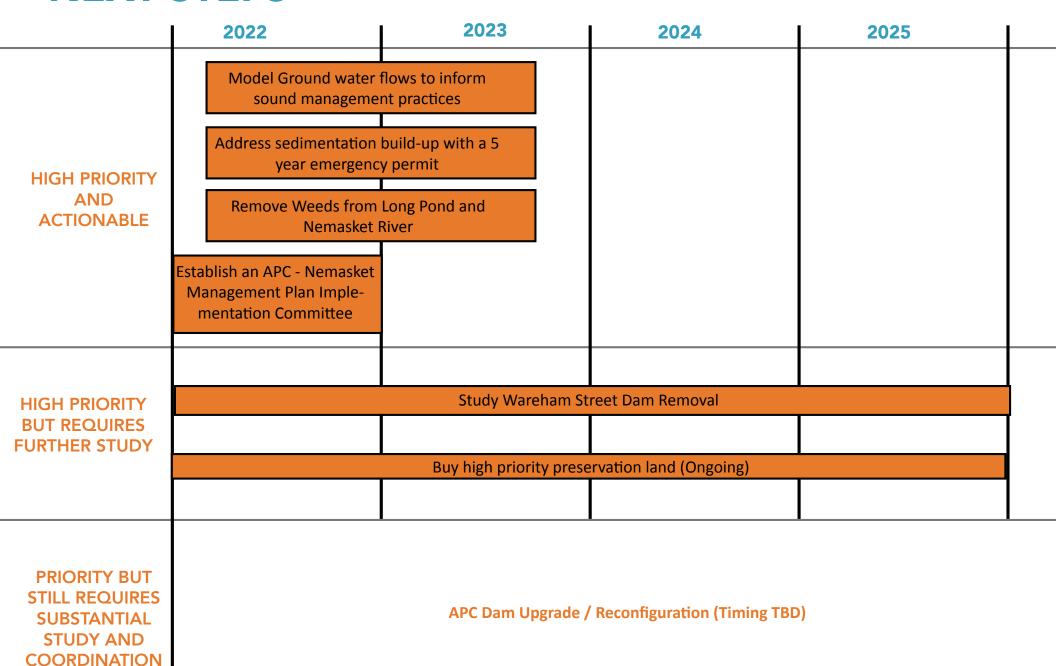
### **NEXT STEPS**

- 1. PROJECT OBJECTIVES
- 2. DISCUSS ALTERNATIVES
- 3. RUN H+H MODEL ON ALTERNATIVES
- 4. SUMMARIZE HOW THE DIFFERENT ALTERNATIVES MEET THE PROJECT OBJECTIVES
- 5. EVALUATE AND RANK THE ALTERNATIVES

WE ARE HERE

6. REPORT OUT ON PROCESS AND FINDINGS

### **NEXT STEPS**



### **NEXT STEPS:**

- Feel free to contact us for more information or to further discuss the project. Please email **apc.nemasket.river@gmail.com**
- Visit the project website for more information about the project or to fill out the survey. **www.srpedd.org/apc-nemasket** (case sensitive).

